
CTEQ LHC cross section project

Participants/programs

- All interested CTEQ people + some interested outsiders
 - ◆ John Campbell (MCFM)
 - ◆ Jeppe Andersen (BFKL-type calculations)
- LO/NLO/PS/resum
 - ◆ Madgraph (could be Alpgen as well but Steve is more familiar with Madgraph)
 - ◆ Pythia/Herwig (often in combination with Madgraph)
 - ◆ MCFM (can give both LO and NLO predictions)
 - ◆ MC@NLO (to test impact of NLO with parton showers, for a limited number of processes)
 - ◆ ResBos/wttot
 - ◆ ...your program

LHC environment: UE and min bias

- UE tunes and uncertainties (for several of the parton shower Monte Carlos)
 - ◆ charged particle multiplicities, transverse momenta
 - ◆ jet production from min bias events
 - ◆ intrinsic k_T needed for Monte Carlos for various processes
 - ◆ impact on min bias events and on UE for hard scattering events

LHC environment: LO/NLO/NNLO/NNLL

- In the form of *mini-essays*
- What LHC cross sections do we know at NLO/NNLO?
- What cross sections need to be calculated/can be estimated?
- Where do logs come from?
- When do they need to be re-summed? What logs? When soft and when soft+collinear?
- What is the connection between the re-summed logs and the higher order? Is re-summing always a *good thing*? Can scale dependence at NNLO be smaller than scale dependence at (threshold) resummed NLO?
- What is the connection between parton showering and resummation? Parton showering and NLO?
- When may the BFKL-type logs become important?
- When do EW corrections become important?

LHC environment: pdf's

- Impact of heavy quark mass effects on CTEQ6.6 pdf's
- Uncertainties on and correlations among pdf's
- Pdf luminosities and uncertainties
- Pdf uncertainties for each specific process

K-factors

- Useful to collect K-factors for available processes (such as from table from review paper with Campbell and Stirling)
 - ◆ will update in near future
- Generalizations
 - ◆ processes with large color annihilation tend to have large K-factors (gg->H, gg-> $\gamma\gamma$)
 - ◆ the more final state particles in a process, the smaller the NLO corrections

Hard interactions of quarks and gluons: a primer for LHC physics

113

Table 1. *K*-factors for various processes at the Tevatron and the LHC calculated using a selection of input parameters. In all cases, the CTEQ6M pdf set is used at NLO. \mathcal{K} uses the CTEQ6L1 set at leading order, whilst \mathcal{K}' uses the same set, CTEQ6M, as at NLO. Jets satisfy the requirements $p_T > 15$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.5$ (5.0) at the Tevatron (LHC). In the $W + 2$ jet process the jets are separated by $\Delta R > 0.52$, whilst the weak boson fusion (WBF) calculations are performed for a Higgs boson of mass 120 GeV. Both renormalization and factorization scales are equal to the scale indicated.

Process	Typical scales		Tevatron <i>K</i> -factor			LHC <i>K</i> -factor		
	μ_0	μ_1	$\mathcal{K}(\mu_0)$	$\mathcal{K}(\mu_1)$	$\mathcal{K}'(\mu_0)$	$\mathcal{K}(\mu_0)$	$\mathcal{K}(\mu_1)$	$\mathcal{K}'(\mu_0)$
W	m_W	$2m_W$	1.33	1.31	1.21	1.15	1.05	1.15
$W + 1$ jet	m_W	$\langle p_T^{\text{jet}} \rangle$	1.42	1.20	1.43	1.21	1.32	1.42
$W + 2$ jets	m_W	$\langle p_T^{\text{jet}} \rangle$	1.16	0.91	1.29	0.89	0.88	1.10
$t\bar{t}$	m_t	$2m_t$	1.08	1.31	1.24	1.40	1.59	1.48
$b\bar{b}$	m_b	$2m_b$	1.20	1.21	2.10	0.98	0.84	2.51
Higgs via WBF	m_H	$\langle p_T^{\text{jet}} \rangle$	1.07	0.97	1.07	1.23	1.34	1.09

Standard Candles

- W/Z

- ◆ inclusive
- ◆ y distribution
 - ▲ -5 to +5 in 0.2 bins
- ◆ p_T distribution
 - ▲ 0-100 GeV/c in 1 GeV/c bins
 - ▲ 0-1 TeV/c in 10 GeV/c bins

- LO
- NLO
 - ◆ differences between common programs (MCFM, wttot, ResBos, ...)
- NNLO
- Re-summed (ResBos)
- Threshold?
 - ◆ connection between NLO+threshold and NNLO
- BFKL effects
- EW effects
- Parton shower (Pythia/Herwig, Madgraph+Pythia, MC@NLO)
- Pdf correlations between $W^+/W^-/Z$ (at LHC and at Tevatron)

Standard Candles

- Double and triple gauge boson production
 - ◆ WW, ZZ, WZ
 - ◆ ZZZ, WWZ
- LO
- NLO
 - ◆ Frank for ZZZ
 - ◆ Dieter for WWZ
- Re-summed (ResBos)
 - ◆ WW, ZZ, WZ
- Parton shower (Pythia/Herwig, Madgraph+Pythia, MC@NLO)

W/Z + jets

- N jet cross section, where N goes up to 6?
- Jet_n p_T distribution
 - ◆ $p_T^{\min}=10,20,30,40$ GeV/c inclusive
 - ◆ require $p_T^{\min, \text{jet1}}=100, 500, 1000$ GeV/c
- Z + jet balancing
 - ◆ for lead jet $p_T=20,30,40,50,100$ GeV/c
 - ◆ cuts on additional jets
- LO, NLO (MCFM)
- Pythia, Herwig
- Madgraph+Pythia
- Effects of BFKL dynamics
- Effects of jet algorithms/parameters
- Correlations with inclusive W/Z production

Inclusive jets

- From 20 GeV/c to 4 TeV/c
- N jet cross section where N goes up to 6
- Jet_n p_T distribution
 - ◆ $p_T^{\min}=10,20,30,40$ GeV/c inclusive
 - ◆ require $p_T^{\min,\text{jet1}}=100, 500, 1000$ GeV/c
- LO, NLO (EKS, NLOJET++)
- Pythia/Herwig
- Madgraph+Pythia
- Effects of jet algorithms/parameters

Inclusive photons

- From 20 GeV/c to 1 TeV/c
- N jet cross section where N goes up to 6
- Jet_n p_T distribution
 - ◆ $p_T^{\min}=10,20,30,40$ GeV/c inclusive
 - ◆ require $p_T^\gamma=100, 500, 1000$ GeV/c
- γ + jet balancing
 - ◆ for lead jet $p_T=20,30,40,50,100$ GeV/c
 - ◆ cuts on additional jets
- LO, NLO (Owens, Vogelsang)
- resummed
- Pythia/Herwig
- Madgraph+Pythia

Diphotons

- Diphoton mass, y , $q_T, \Delta\phi$; p_T of each photon
- N jet cross section where N goes up to 6
- Jet_n p_T distribution
 - ◆ $p_T^{\min}=10,20,30,40$ GeV/c inclusive
 - ◆ require $m_{\gamma\gamma}=100, 500, 1000$ GeV
- LO, NLO (DIPHOX)
- Resummed (ResBos)
- Pythia/Herwig
- Madgraph+Pythia

tT

-
- Total cross section
 - y
 - ◆ -5 to 5 in 0.2 bins
 - p_T
 - ◆ 0-2 TeV/c in 20 GeV/c bins
 - m_{tT}
 - ◆ 0-5 TeV in 50 GeV bins
 - LO, NLO (MC²FM), NNLO (approximated)
 - Resummed
 - Pythia, Herwig
 - Madgraph+Pythia
 - Pdf correlation with W/Z
 - tT as pdf benchmark

tT + jets

- N jet cross section where N goes up to 3-4
- Jet_n p_T distribution
 - ◆ $p_T^{\min}=10,20,30,40$ GeV/c inclusive
 - ◆ require $p_T^{\min,\text{jet1}}=100, 500$
- LO (MCFM), NLO (for tTj: Dittmaier et al)
- Pythia, Herwig
- Madgraph+Pythia
- Pdf correlation with W/Z
- Effects of jet algorithms/parameters

Single top

- Total cross section
- y
 - ◆ -5 to 5 in 0.2 bins
- p_T
 - ◆ 0-2 TeV/c in 20 GeV/c bins
- LO, NLO (MC²FM, other codes), NNLO (approximated)
- Resummed
- Pythia, Herwig
- Madgraph+Pythia
- Pdf correlation with W/Z, tT

(SM) Higgs

- Cross section
(inclusive/subprocess)
as function of m_{Higgs}
 - ◆ 120, 200, 400, 500, 1000 GeV/c
- y
 - ◆ -5 to +5 in 0.2 bins
- p_T
 - ◆ 0-100 GeV/c in 1 GeV/c bin
 - ◆ 0-1000 GeV/c in 10 GeV/c bins
- LO, NLO (MCFM)
- NNLO
- Resummed,
threshold + ResBos
- Pythia, Herwig
- Madgraph+Pythia
- Pdf correlations with
W/Z, tT

(SM) Higgs + jets

- Cross section (inclusive/subprocess) as function of m_{Higgs}
 - ◆ 120, 200, 400, 500, 1000 GeV/c
- y
 - ◆ -5 to +5 in 0.2 bins
- For n jets, $n=1-4$
 - ◆ $p_{\text{T}}^{\text{min}}=10, 20, 30, 40$ GeV/c
 - ◆ require $p_{\text{T}}^{\text{min, jet1}}=100, 500$
- LO, NLO (MCFM)
- Pythia, Herwig
- Madgraph+Pythia
- Pdf correlations with W/Z, $t\bar{t}$
- Effects of jet algorithms/parameters

BSM Higgs
